

Limits

In the following, $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = F$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = G$.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \lim_{x \rightarrow a} kf(x) = k \times \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = kF \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) \pm g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \pm \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = F \pm G \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) \cdot g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \times \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = F \cdot G \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x)]^n = [F]^n \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)} = \frac{F}{G}, \quad \text{where } G \neq 0. \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [e^{f(x)}] = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)} = e^F \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [\log_b f(x)] = \log_b \left[\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \right] = \log_b F, \quad \text{where } F > 0. \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0 \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{1}{x^n} = 0, \quad \text{where } n > 0. \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{x} = +\infty \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{1}{x} = -\infty \\
& \sin x < x < \tan x, \quad \text{where } 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin x} = 1 \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\tan x} = 1 \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} = 0 \quad \left(\frac{1 - \cos x}{x} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos x}{1 + \cos x} = \frac{\sin^2 x}{x(1 + \cos x)} = \frac{\sin x}{x} \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \\
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \left(\frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos x}{1 + \cos x} = \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2(1 + \cos x)} = \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} \frac{1}{1 + \cos x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$